Ash dieback – Presentation noted.

11 The Partnership heard and noted a presentation by the Executive Director of Neighbourhoods, Regeneration and Sustainability (NRS) providing an update on the actions to address and mitigate Ash dieback affecting trees across Glasgow, advising

(1) of the background to Ash dieback, which was caused by the fungus hymenoscyphus fraxineus which was first detected in the United Kingdom in 2012 and had steadily spread north since then;

(2) that there was approximately 250,000 ash trees across Glasgow, under both Council and private ownership and approximately 125,000 (50%) were on Council owned land;

(3) that the effects of the disease were more visible when ash trees were in leaf, typically between June to September, although this was dependent on environmental conditions;

(4) of the high and medium risk target areas across the city, as detailed in the report; and

(5) that as part of the ash tree inspection programme, NRS Tree Officers had assessed 2,301 ash trees between January 2021 and July 2024 with areas of high footfall prioritised.