



## Appendices 24/25 Q2

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## Appendix A- Complaints Against Police

### Allegation Categories and Type

Allegation Category and Type	YTD	PYTD	% Change from PYTD
Off Duty - TOTAL	0	5	-100.00%
On Duty - TOTAL	533	529	0.8%
Quality Of Service - TOTAL	152	217	-38.10%
<b>Total Allegations Received</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>-8.8%</b>

Breakdown of on Duty Allegations 1st September - 30th September	
Assault	50
Corrupt Practice	0
Discriminatory Behaviour	17
Excessive Force	60
Incivility	89
Irregularity in Procedure	264
Neglect of Duty	5
Oppressive Conduct/Harassment	18
Other- Criminal	6
Other- non-criminal	7
Traffic Irregularity/ Offence	7
Unlawful/ Unnecessary Arrest	10

Breakdown of Quality-of-Service Allegations 1st September - 30th September	
Policy/ Procedure	34
Service Delivery	61
Service Outcome	57

## Appendix B- Crime

### Violent Crime

The table below provides a breakdown of non-sexual crimes of violence.

Crime	PYTD	5 Year Avg	2024/25	% Chng / 5yr Avg	% Chng / Prev Year	Detection % Change from 5 Year Average	Detection % Change from PYTD	Detection Rate 24/25
Murder	8	5.8	7	20.7%	-12.50%	3.4%	-12.5%	100.0%
Culpable homicide (common law)	0	0.4	1	150.0%	0.00%	50.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Culpable homicide	2	2.8	4	42.9%	100.00%	3.6%	-125.0%	125.0%
Attempted murder	18	30.4	16	-47.4%	-11.11%	17.1%	-11.1%	100.0%
Serious Assault	324	395.4	298	-24.6%	-8.02%	7.6%	8.8%	71.5%
Common Assault	4,228	4,086.6	4,557	11.5%	7.78%	3.2%	4.5%	60.5%
Robbery (inc. assault with intent to rob)	179	165.6	182	9.9%	1.68%	4.6%	-4.7%	77.5%

Murder has noted a slight decrease from PYTD, but an increase from 5-year average with 7 murders recorded this year, 8 PYTD and a 5-year mean of 5.8. Detection rate for murder has increased 3.4% from 5 year mean with the current detection rate being 100%.

Culpable homicides have noted increases compared to PYTD and 5-year mean. The detection rate for these offences is currently 100% and 125%.

Attempted murders have noted decreases of 47.4% compared to 5-year mean, and a decrease of 11.11% from PYTD. Attempted murder detection rates are currently 100%.

Serious assault has noted an 8.02% decrease from PYTD and 24.6% decrease from 5-year mean. Serious assault detection rates have increased from PYTD and 5-year average with a current detection rate of 71.5%.

Common assault has noted a 7.8% increase from PYTD and 11.5% increase from 5-year mean. Detection rates have noted an increase of 3.2% from 5-year average and 4.5% PYTD with a current detection rate of 60.5%.

Robbery has seen an increase of 1.68% from PYTD and 9.9% from 5-year mean. Robbery detection rates are 77.5%.

**Violence Against Women and Girls**

The table below outlines crimes usually associated with Violence against Women and Girls.

Crime	PYTD	5 Year Avg	2024/25	% Chng / 5yr Avg	% Chng / Prev Year	Detection % Change from 5 Year Average	Detection % Change from PYTD	Detection Rate 24/25
Domestic Abuse (of female)	97.0	86.2	131.0	52.0%	35.1%	10.2%	11.2%	74.0%
Rape	159.0	159.4	231.0	44.9%	45.3%	12.7%	26.8%	53.2%
Attempted rape	13.0	7.2	9.0	25.0%	-30.8%	27.8%	28.2%	66.7%
Sexual assault	345.0	344.0	425.0	23.5%	23.2%	-0.7%	-8.4%	46.4%

Domestic abuse of females has noted a 35.1% increase compared to PYTD and 52% increase from the 5-year mean. Detection rates for domestic abuse have noted an 11.2% increase from PYTD with the current detection rate being 74%.

Rape has noted a 45.3% increase compared to PYTD, and an increase of 44.9% from 5-year mean. This increase is reflective of 23/24 figures which also noted increases in reporting. Attempted Rape has noted a 30.8% reduction from PYTD, but a 25% increase from 5-year mean. Detection rates for rape and attempted rape have noted increases from PYTD.

Sexual assault has noted increases of 23.2% from PYTD and 23.5% from 5-year mean. Sexual assault detection rates have decreased slightly from 5 year mean and PYTD with a current detection rate of 46.4%.

\*\* It is important to note that these figures relate to recorded crimes not the number victims, with many victims reporting more than offence. \*\*

**Fire-raising**

Crime	PYTD	5 Year Avg	2024/25	% Chng / 5yr Avg	% Chng / Prev Year	Detection % Change from 5 Year Average	Detection % Change from PYTD	Detection Rate 24/25
Fire-raising	246	236	216	-8.5	-12.20	-3.4	-3.5	17.6%

Fire-raising crimes have shown a decrease of 26.9% compared to PYTD and a 23.4% decrease from the 5-year mean. Detection rates for fire-raising crimes are currently 17.6%. Wilful fire-raising is challenging to detect due to forensic opportunities being destroyed in the commission of the crime.

**Hate Crime**

There have been 103 hate incidents this YTD compared to 110 hate incidents PYTD. This is a decrease of 6.4% from PYTD, but an increase of 37% from 5-year mean.

Hate crimes have seen a 69.4% increase from PYTD and 47.2% increase from 5 year mean with 1269 crimes recorded this year compared with 749 PYTD and a 5 year mean of 862.2.

Hate crime detections are currently 63.7% which is an increase of 7.6% from PYTD and 4.6% from 5-year rate.

	YTD	PYTD	5 Year Mean	% change from 5yr mean	% Change PYTD
<b>Hate Incidents</b>	103	110	75.2	37%	-6.4%
<b>Hate Crimes</b>	1269	749	862.2	47.2%	69.4%
<b>Hate Crime Detections Rates</b>	63.7%	56.1%	59.1%	4.6%	7.6%

## **Appendix C- Community Wellbeing**

### **Community Events**

#### **Safer Drug Consumption Facility**

In preparation for the opening of the Thistle Service in the Calton ward (Safer Drug Consumption Facility), Local Problem-Solving Team (LPST) officers have been engaging positively with new staff at the service as the proposed opening date approaches. Local Policing Team (LPT) officers are being fully briefed on the new service and relevant policies. With the recent approval of the Force Executive, the Local Area Commanders (LAC) and local officers will now be taking an active part in community engagement events alongside Greater Glasgow HSCP partners going forward.

#### **I AM ME/Keep Safe**

Greater Glasgow Safer Communities continue to develop their partnership with charity I AM Me by providing Keep Safe training to staff within the Whiteinch Centre and Humza Yousef's constituency staff.

Refresher training has also been provided to Threshold Glasgow and an awareness input delivered to Rape Crisis, Glasgow.

### **Crime Prevention**

#### **Crime prevention survey**

Officers from G Division Safer Communities conducted a two-day Crime Prevention Survey within Glasgow City Chambers on behalf of Glasgow City Council. A full report documenting recommendations (including physical security and elected members safety) was compiled and submitted. A personal safety event was hosted for elected members and work is ongoing for the redesign of training packages within Glasgow City Council for elected officials. Further visits have been scheduled to provide Act Awareness Training which includes specific modules on Threat and Mail Handling.

#### **Police Scotland Youth Volunteers (PSYV) Crime Prevention Advice**

G Division PSYV continue to work alongside LPST officers across the division to provide crime prevention advice to residents. Information regarding Housebreakings, Selecta DNA and Antisocial Behaviour have been shared to residents of GD, GJ and GN subs.

#### **Retailers Against Crime (RAC)**

Community engagement with the retail sector continues to be a priority for the LPST given the rise in theft by shopliftings.

On 26<sup>th</sup> September 2024, Chief Inspector McCartin and Inspector Watters attended the Retailers Against Crime (RAC) national conference in Glasgow which was a great opportunity to hear the latest ideas and innovations available to target this form of crime. Inputs were heard from colleagues about Digital Evidence Sharing Capability (DESC) which is an exciting development in evidence sharing and is currently being piloted in Highlands and Islands.

Work is ongoing with major retailers and local businesses to find out how we can better work together and our Shopwatch scheme provides the necessary platform for this joint working and sharing of information between businesses. Retailers Against Crime attend the monthly meetings to share the latest intelligence. Shopwatch presents a great opportunity to raise awareness of best practice and talk about the benefits of crime prevention.

Daily liaison with major retailers such as Sainsburys and Tesco has helped to build relationships and reduce the fears of staff.

### **Protecting Vulnerable People**

#### **Missing People**

We have started to conduct missing person inputs for NHS staff at the QEUH to outline their responsibilities as per the NHS Missing Person Protocol. It is expected that this will reduce instances of MP reports from the location and give NHS staff the information and support they need to ensure the safety and well-being of those attending the hospital. The inputs will run on a rolling basis to allow existing staff to refresh their learning and new staff to understand their responsibilities from the outset.

#### **Hate Crime**

G Division Safer Communities continue to provide inputs to vulnerable groups and partners. Inputs have been delivered to various groups including the National Autistic Society and all G Div PSYV groups.

#### **Police Scotland Youth Volunteers**

PSYV recently recruited 50 young people from varying socioeconomic backgrounds across the Division. The young people have successfully completed mandatory inductions and are looking forward to representing Police Scotland at Divisional and National Events.

**Taser Deployments**

Across Police Scotland in Q2 there were 4 incidents nationally of a taser being arced with 3 of those incidents being in G Division (75%).

Within PSOS during Q2 there were 13 incidents of a Taser being deployed with only three of these incidents being within G Division (23.08%)

Total Taser Usage				
	National Total	National (excluding G)	G Division	% Comparison G Div
Draw	48	41	7	14.58%
Aim	27	21	6	22.22%
Arc	4	1	3	75.00%
Red Dot	63	48	15	23.80%
Fired	13	10	3	23.08%

The Demographic of recipient within G Division compared to a national level are included below:

**Gender**

- Nationally there were 135 male recipients of a taser deployment with 31 being within G Division (22.96%).
- Nationally there were 11 female recipients with 2 being within G Division (18.18%).
- Nationally 9 recipients did not state their gender with only 1 of those recipients being within G Division (11.11%).

Subject Gender				
	National Total	National (excluding G)	G Division	% Comparison G Div
Male	135	104	31	22.96%
Female	11	9	2	18.18%
Not Stated*	9	8	1	11.11%



**Age**

- Nationally 12 recipients of a taser deployment were under 18 years of age with 1 being within G Division (8.33%).
- Nationally 52 recipients of a taser deployment were aged between 18-30 years with 16 being within G Division (30.76%).
- Nationally 78 recipients were aged 31-64 years with 16 being within G Division (20.51%).
- Nationally 1 recipient was aged 65+, this subject was not from G Division.

Subject Age				
	Total	National	G Division	% Comparison G Div
Under 18	12	11	1	8.33%
18-30yrs	52	36	16	30.76%
31-64yrs	78	62	16	20.51%
65+yrs	1	1	0	0.00%

**Ethnicity**

- Nationally 137 recipients of a taser deployment were defined as white with 31 being from G Division (22.62%).
- Nationally 16 recipients were defined as BME with 2 being from G Division (12.5%).
- Nationally 4 recipients did not state their ethnicity with 1 being within G Division (25%).

Officer Defined Subject Ethnicity				
	Total	National	G Division	% Comparison G Div
White	137	106	31	22.62%
BME	16	14	2	12.5%
Not Stated	4	3	1	25%

**Body Worn Video (BWV)**

At the moment the project team are working towards developing the national solution in readiness for a phased roll out commencing spring 2025 which will see phase 1, which is all of our uniformed frontline police officers and custody staff being equipped with BWV.

D Division has been identified as the first area to receive BWV and from then it is estimated it will take approximately 12 months to complete this initial roll-out phase across all divisions.

**Non-injury Road Accidents**

A comprehensive reporting process has been created allowing for Road Traffic Collision (RTC) hotspots to be identified. Efforts are currently ongoing to best implement this process across G Division. When fully rolled out it will allow Local Area Commanders to take swift and decisive action where necessary.

**Events and Operations**

**Football Celebrations**

The current position from Operation Planning is that Engagement is currently ongoing with clubs and council supported by Police. This is not a quick fix, and options are being explored.