

Glasgow City
Glasgow South

2025-26 Q1 Scrutiny Report



Working together for a safer Scotland

Glasgow City	
Glasgow South	
2025-26 Q1	

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Scrutiny Report

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About the statistics within this report

The activity totals and other statistics quoted within this report are published in the interests of transparency and openness. They are provisional in nature and subject to change as a result of ongoing quality assurance and review. Because all statistics quoted are provisional there may be a difference in the period totals quoted in our reports after local publication which result from revisions or additions to the data in our systems. The Scottish Government publishes official statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

1. Summary 2025-26 Q1



1,002

Total Incidents (Incl. Incompletes)



403Fires



224

Non-Fire Incidents



375

False Alarms



115

UFAS



47

People Rescued by Firefighters



11

People Receiving First Aid or Hospital Treatment (Fires)



0

Fire Fatalities



20

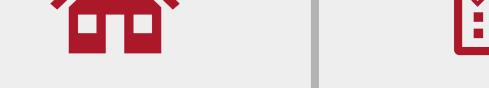
People Receiving First Aid or Hospital Treatment (Non-Fire)



2

Non-Fire Fatalities

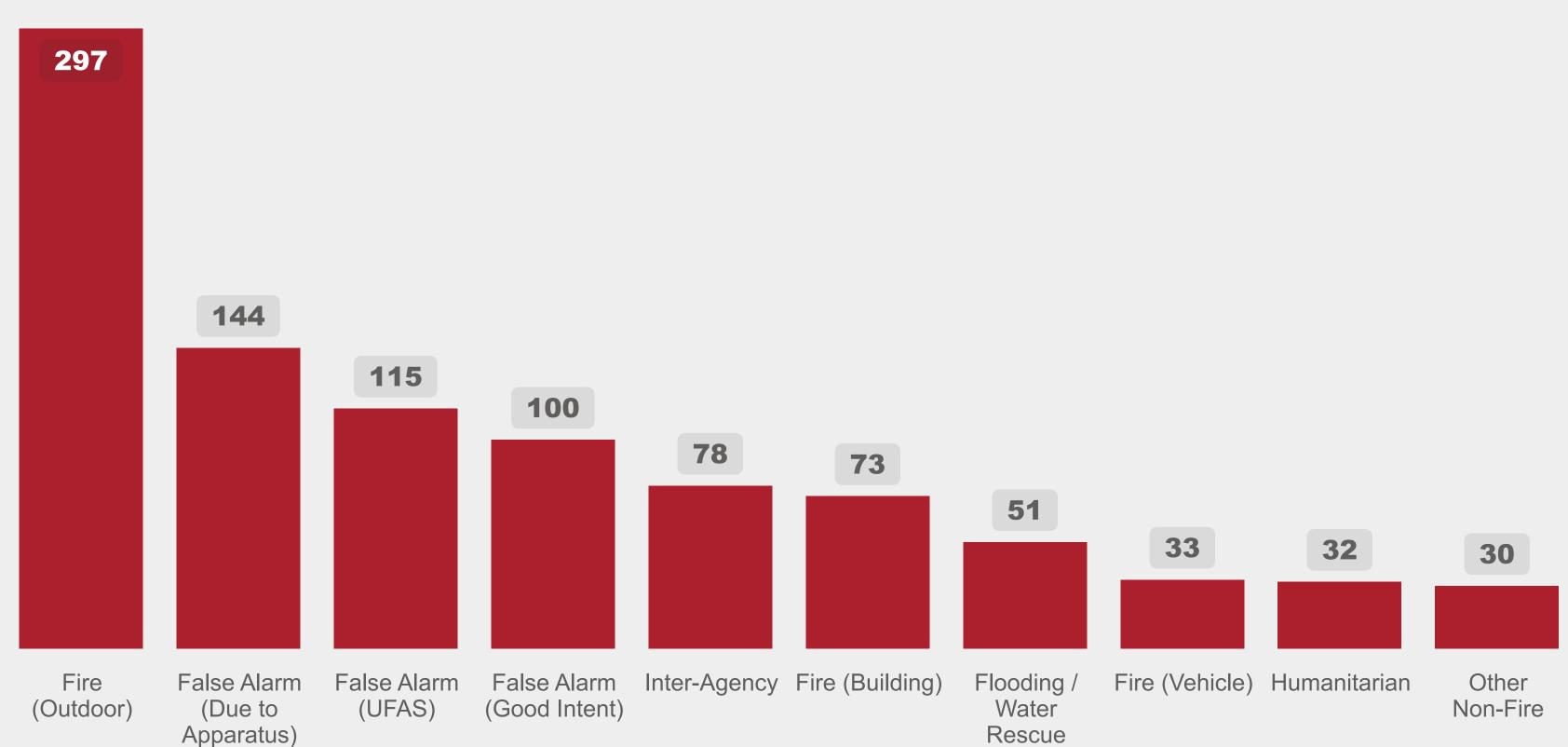




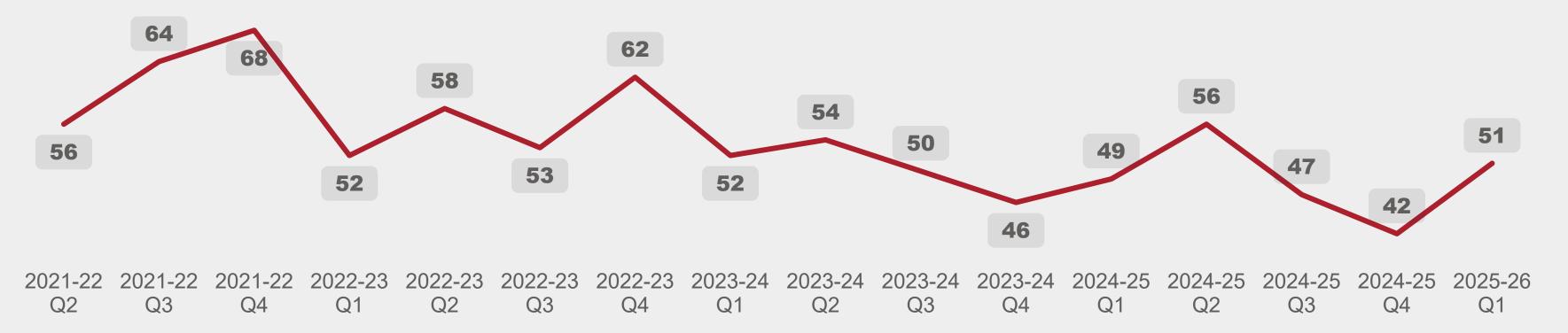
Home Fire Safety Visits

Fire Safety Audits

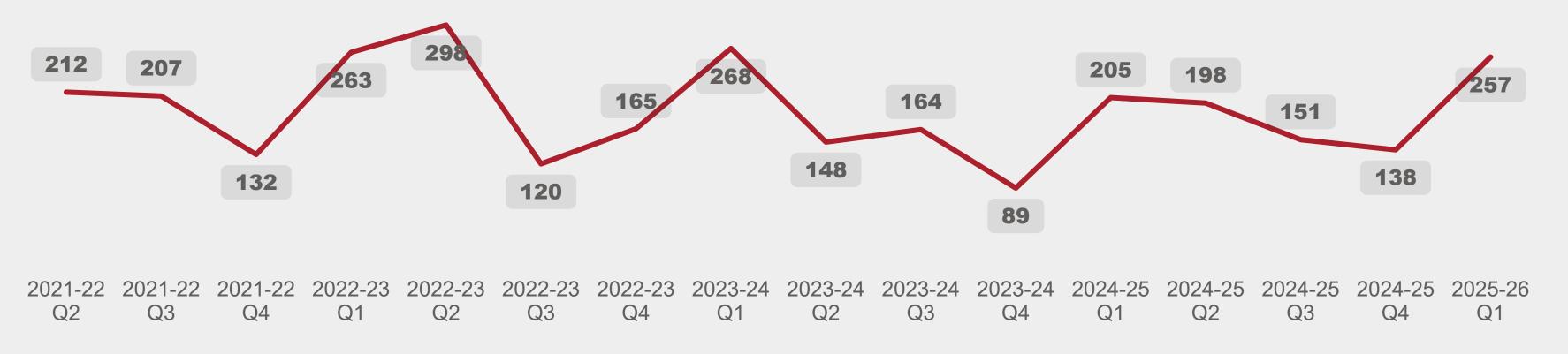
Top 10 Incident Types



Accidental Dwelling Fires



Deliberate Fires



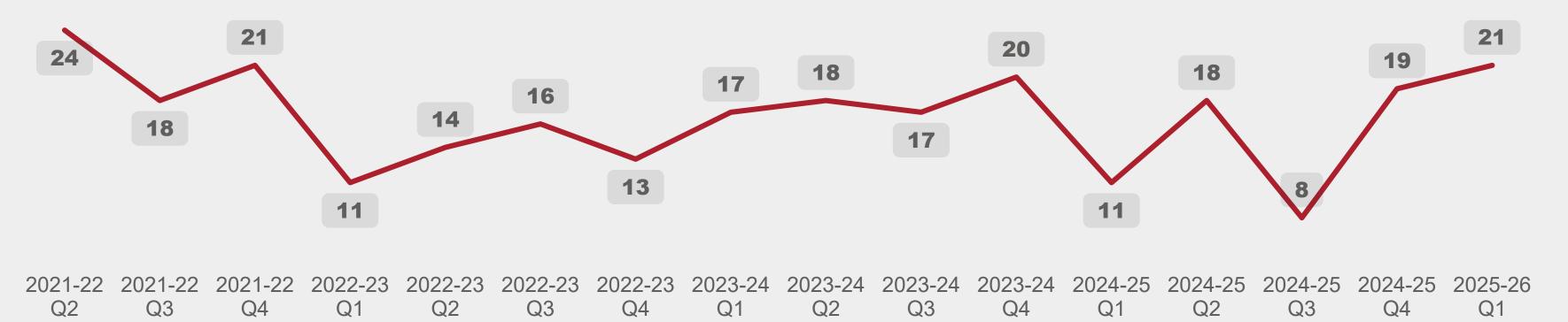
Non-Domestic Fires



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



Road Traffic Collisions



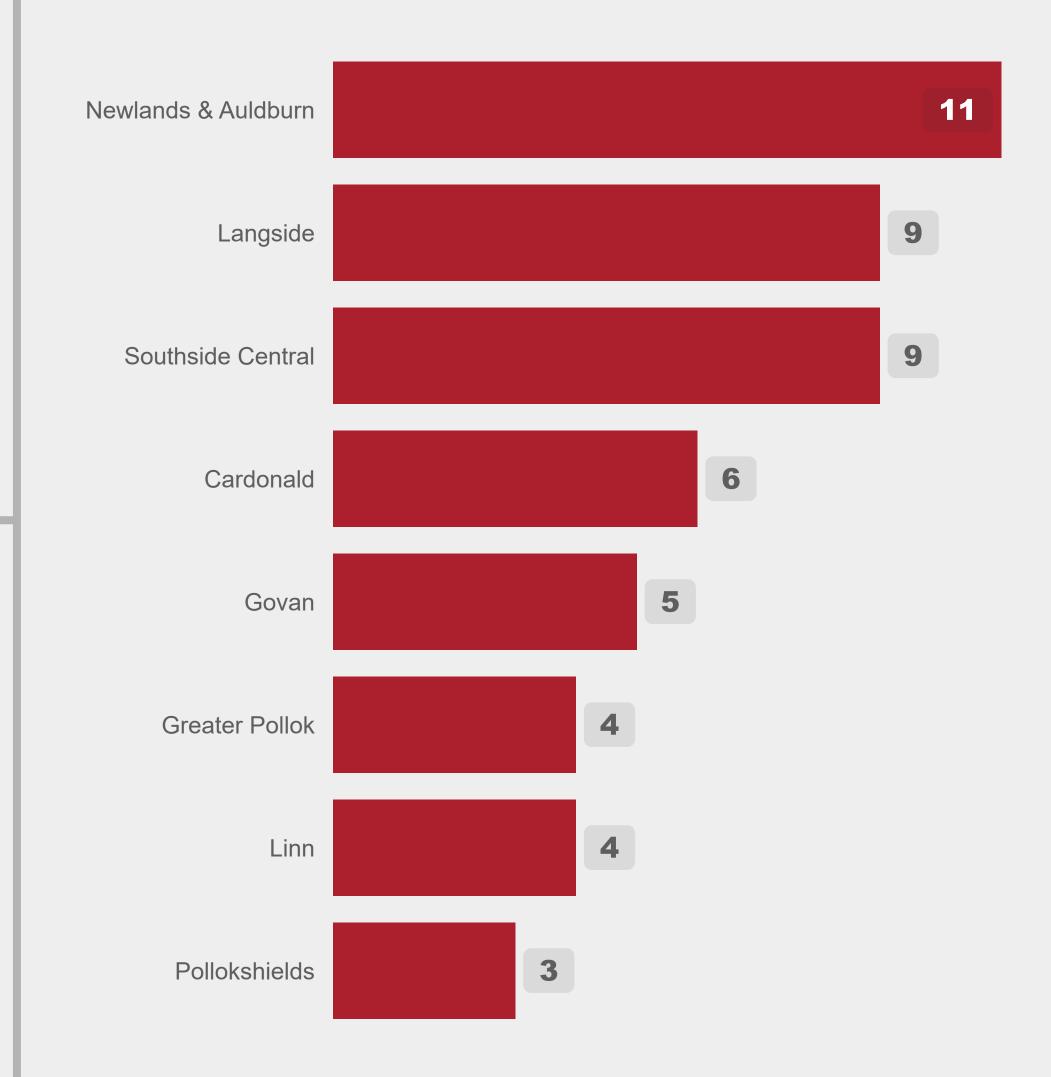
3. Accidental Dwelling Fires

Trend by Quarter (4 years)



Extent of Damage	Incidents
Not applicable	28
Limited to item 1st ignited	10
Limited to room of origin	9
Limited to floor of origin (not whole building)	3
Limited to 2 floors (not whole building)	1

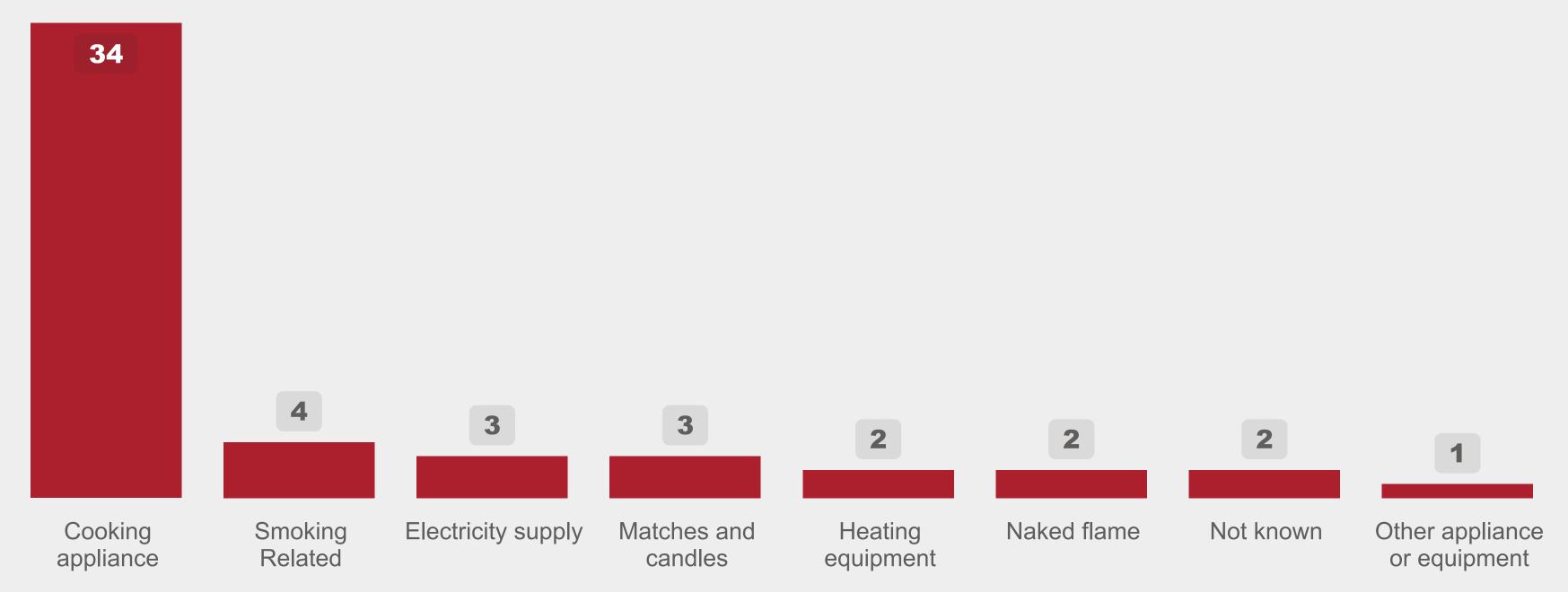
Incidents by Ward



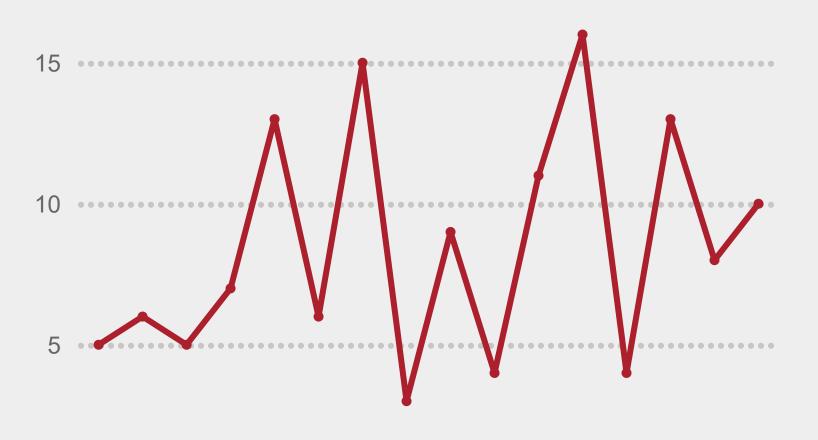
51

Accidental Dwelling Fires in this period

Source of Ignition (Top 10)

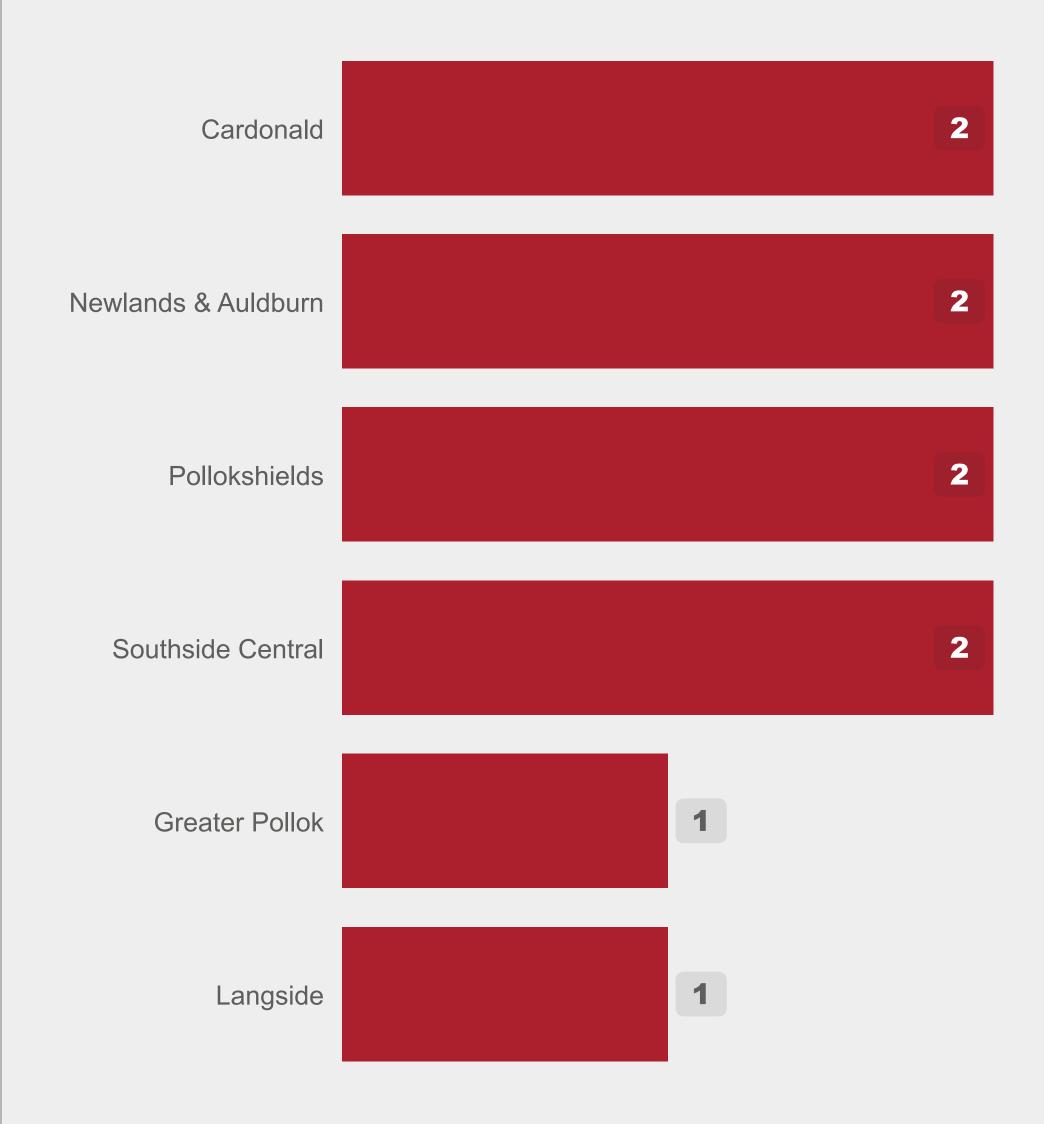


Trend by Quarter (4 years)



Nature of Injury/Cause of Death	Casualties
Overcome by gas, smoke or toxic fumes; asphyxiation	5
Burns - slight	3
Breathing difficulties (Other than 'Overcome by gas, smoke or toxic fumes, asphyxiation')	1
Other	1

Casualties by Ward



10
Non-Fatal
Casualties

Fatal
Casualties

People
Rescued by
Firefighters

Extent of Harm (Non-Fatal)



1

First Aid Given at Scene



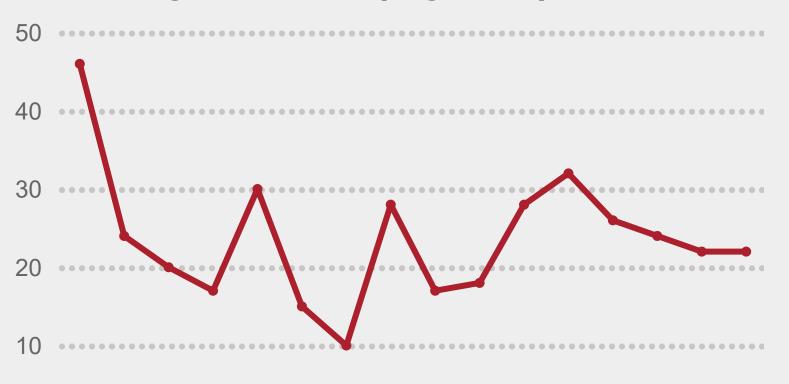
8

4

1

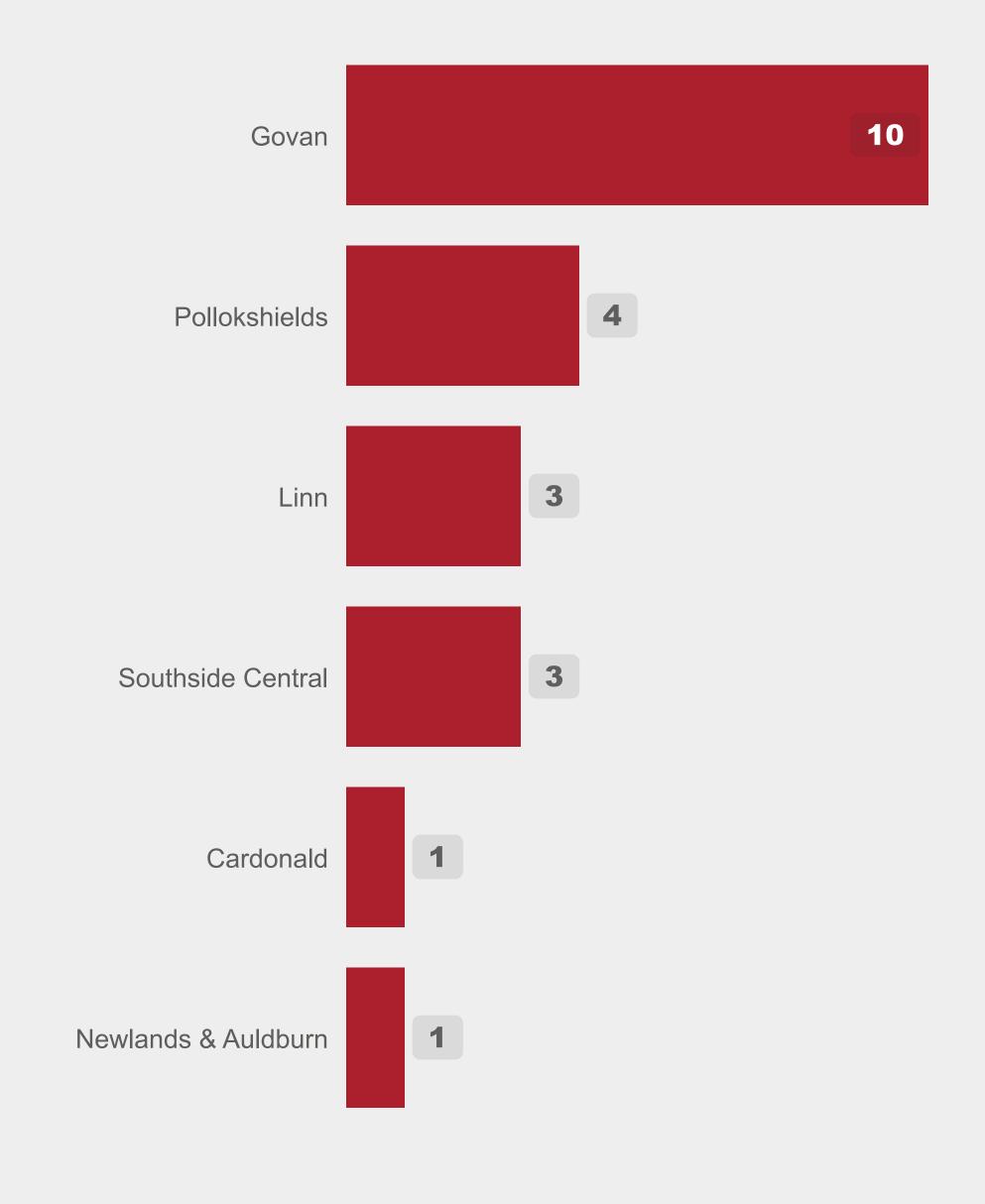
Hospital Slight Hospital Serious Injuries Injuries

Trend by Quarter (4 years)



Nature of Injury/Cause of Death	Casualties
Bruising	5
Breathing difficulties (Other than 'Overcome by gas, smoke or toxic fumes, asphyxiation')	2
Chest pain / Heart condition / Cardiac arrest	2
Collapse	2
Head injury	2
Not known	2
Other	2
Concussion	1
Cuts/Lacerations	1
Other medical condition	1
Other physical injury	1
Overcome by gas, smoke or toxic fumes; asphyxiation	1

Casualties by Ward



20 Non-Fatal

Non-Fatal
Casualties

Fatal Casualties 42

People Rescued by Firefighters

Extent of Harm (Non-Fatal)



4

First Aid Given at Scene



14



2

Hospital Slight Injuries

Hospital Serious Injuries

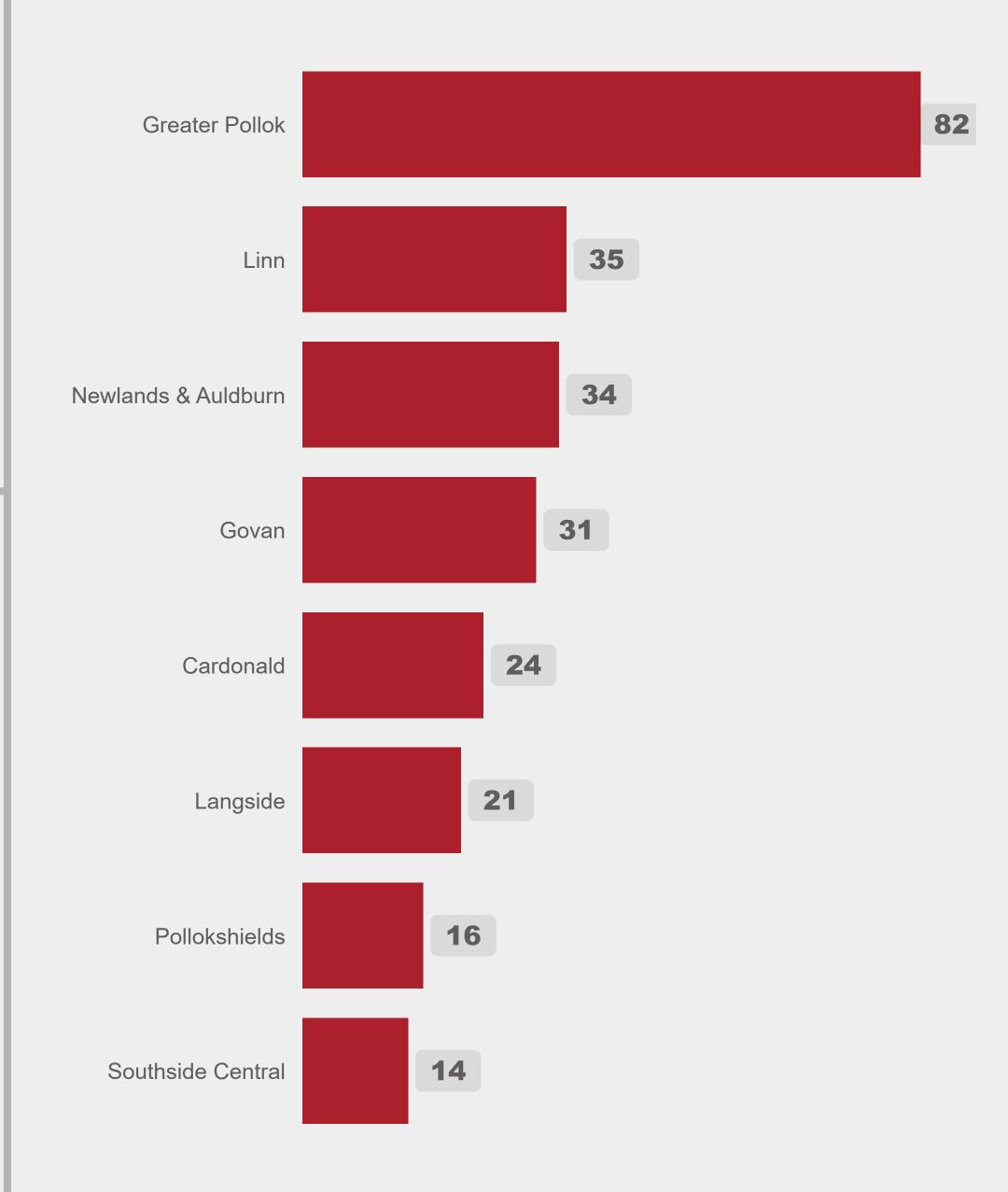
6. Deliberate Fires

Trend by Quarter (4 years)



Property Type	Incident
Grassland, woodland and crops	106
Refuse	88
Other outdoors (including land)	29
Road Vehicle	19
Dwelling	5
Outdoor structures	5
Non Residential	4
Other Residential	1

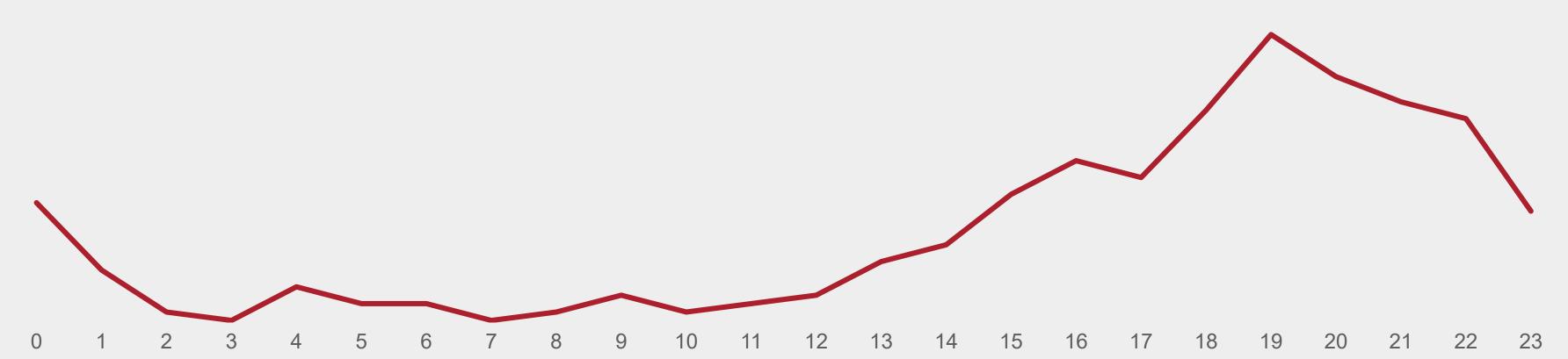
Incidents by Ward



257

Deliberate Fires in this period

Hour of Day



7. Non-Domestic Fires

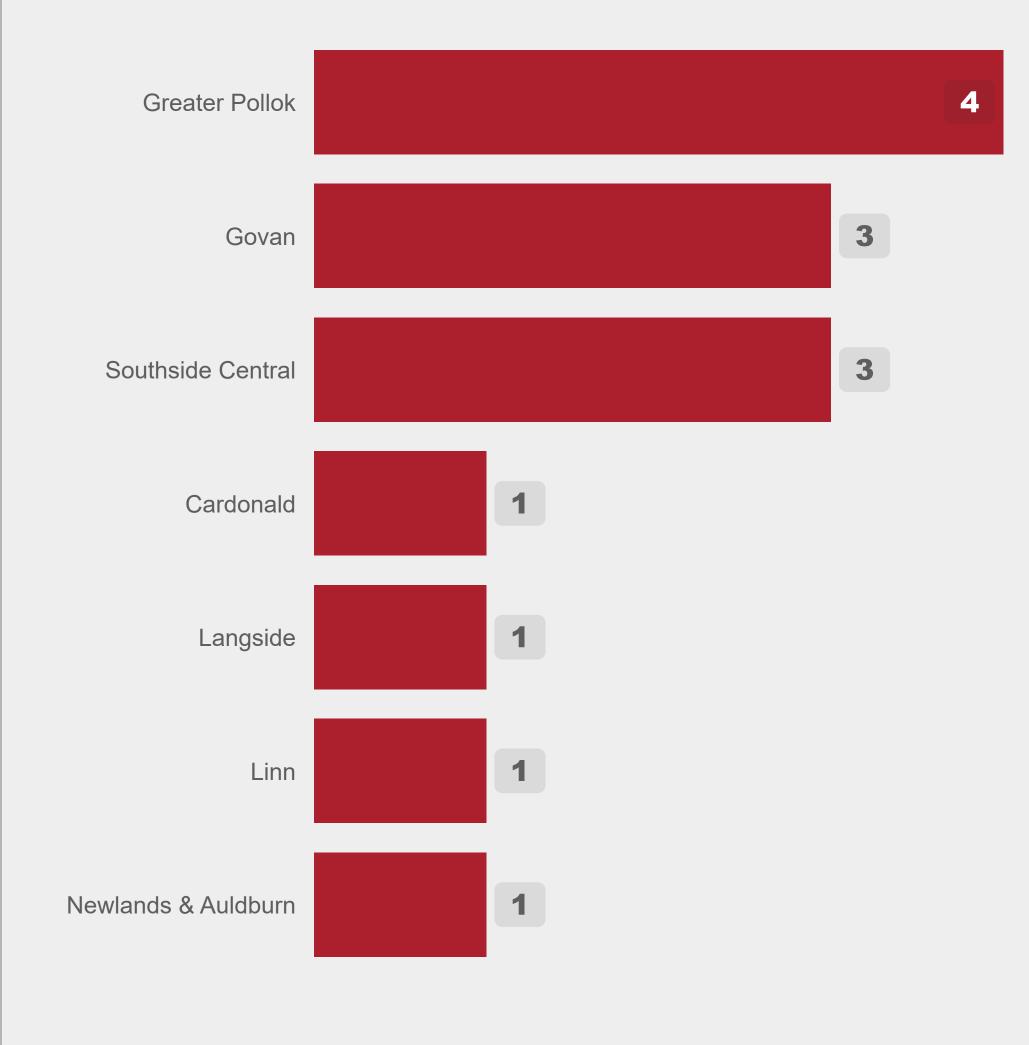
Trend by Quarter (4 years)

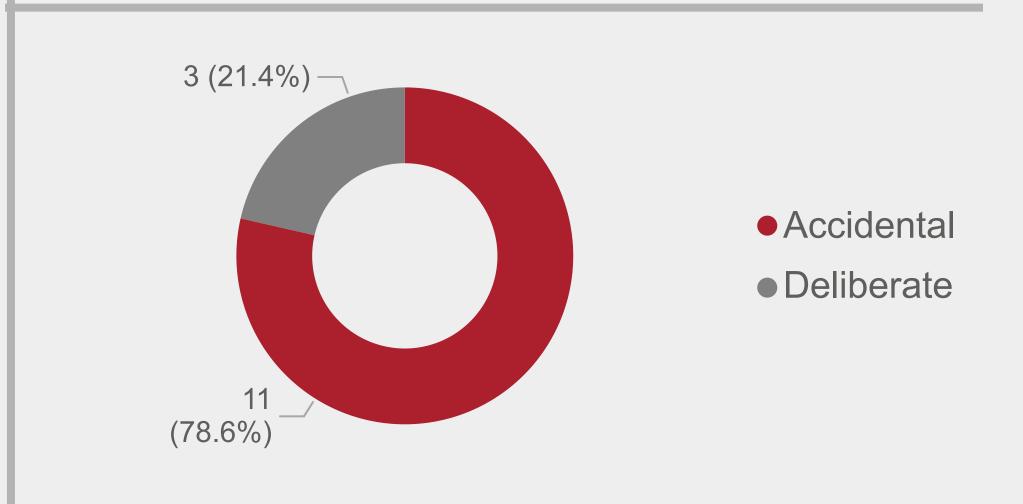


Top 15 Property Types

Property Type	Incidents
Food and Drink	2
Residential Home	2
Sheltered Housing - not self contained	2
Education	1
Hospitals and medical care	1
Hostel (e.g. for homeless people)	1
Industrial Manufacturing	1
Offices and call centres	1
Public Utilities	1
Retail	1
Vehicle Repair	1

Incidents by Ward

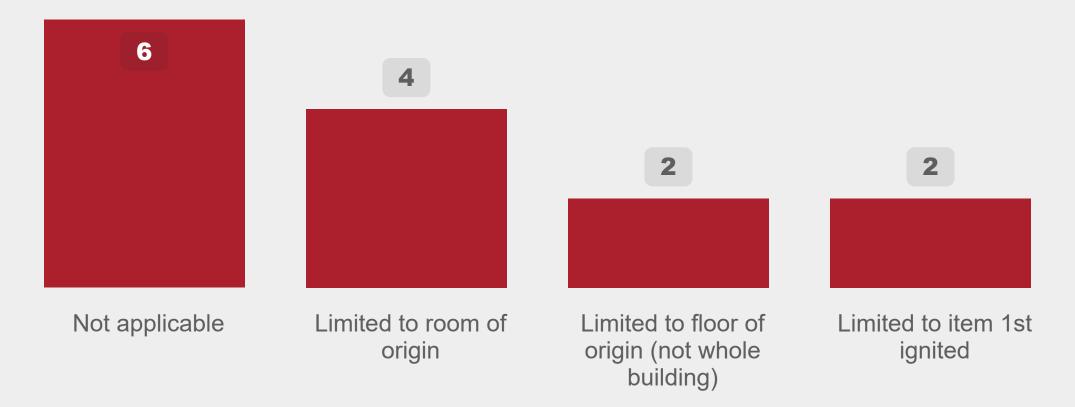




14

Non-Domestic Fires in this period

Extent of Damage



8. Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals

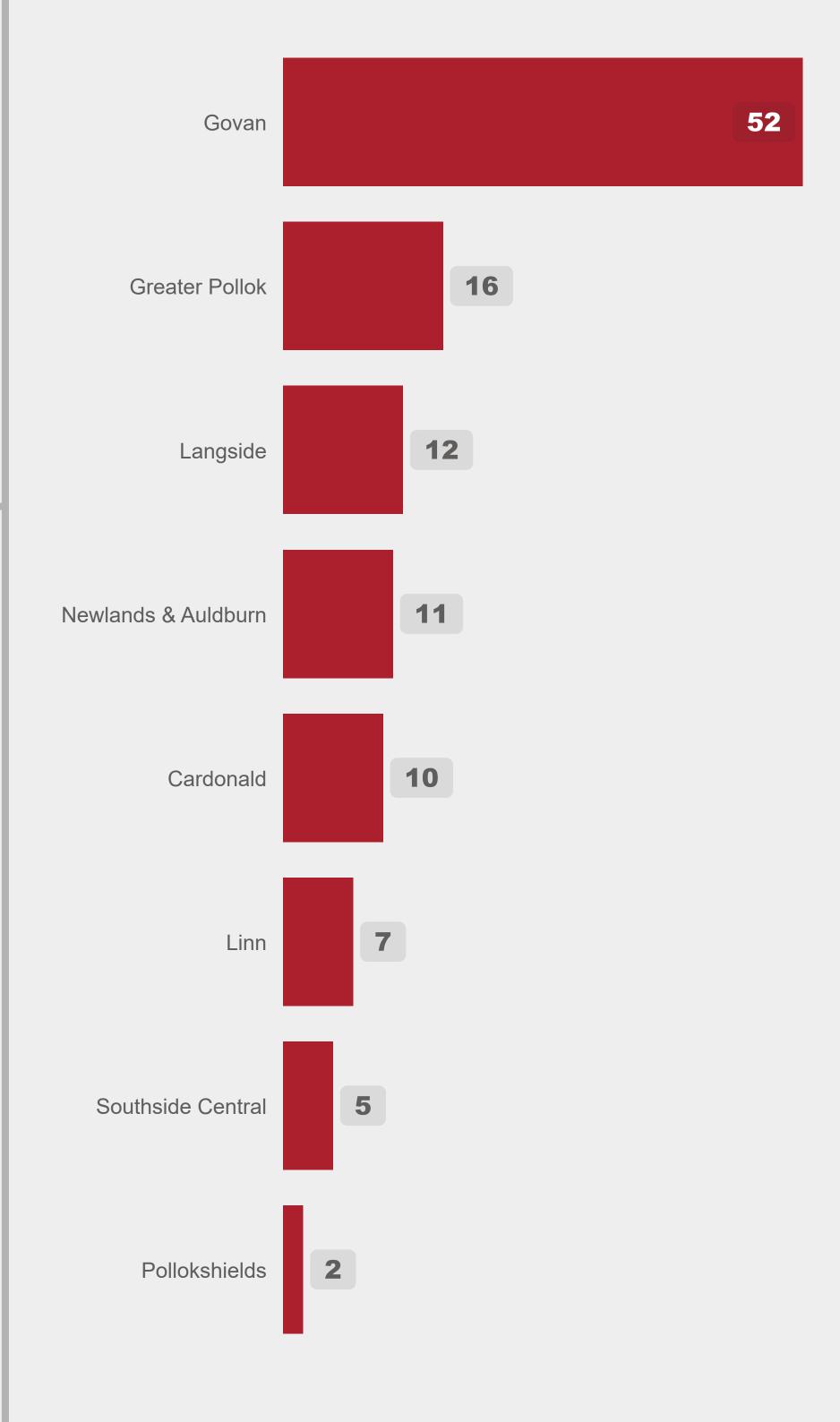
Trend by Quarter (4 years)



Top 15 Property Types

Property Type	Incidents
Residential Home	40
Hospitals and medical care	36
Hostel (e.g. for homeless people)	11
Sheltered Housing - not self contained	10
Student Hall of Residence	5
Entertainment and culture	4
Hotel/motel	3
Boarding House/B&B for homeless/asylum seekers	2
Laboratory/research Establishment	1
Religious	1
Retail	1
Sporting venues	1

Incidents by Ward



115

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals in this period

Trend by Quarter (4 years)



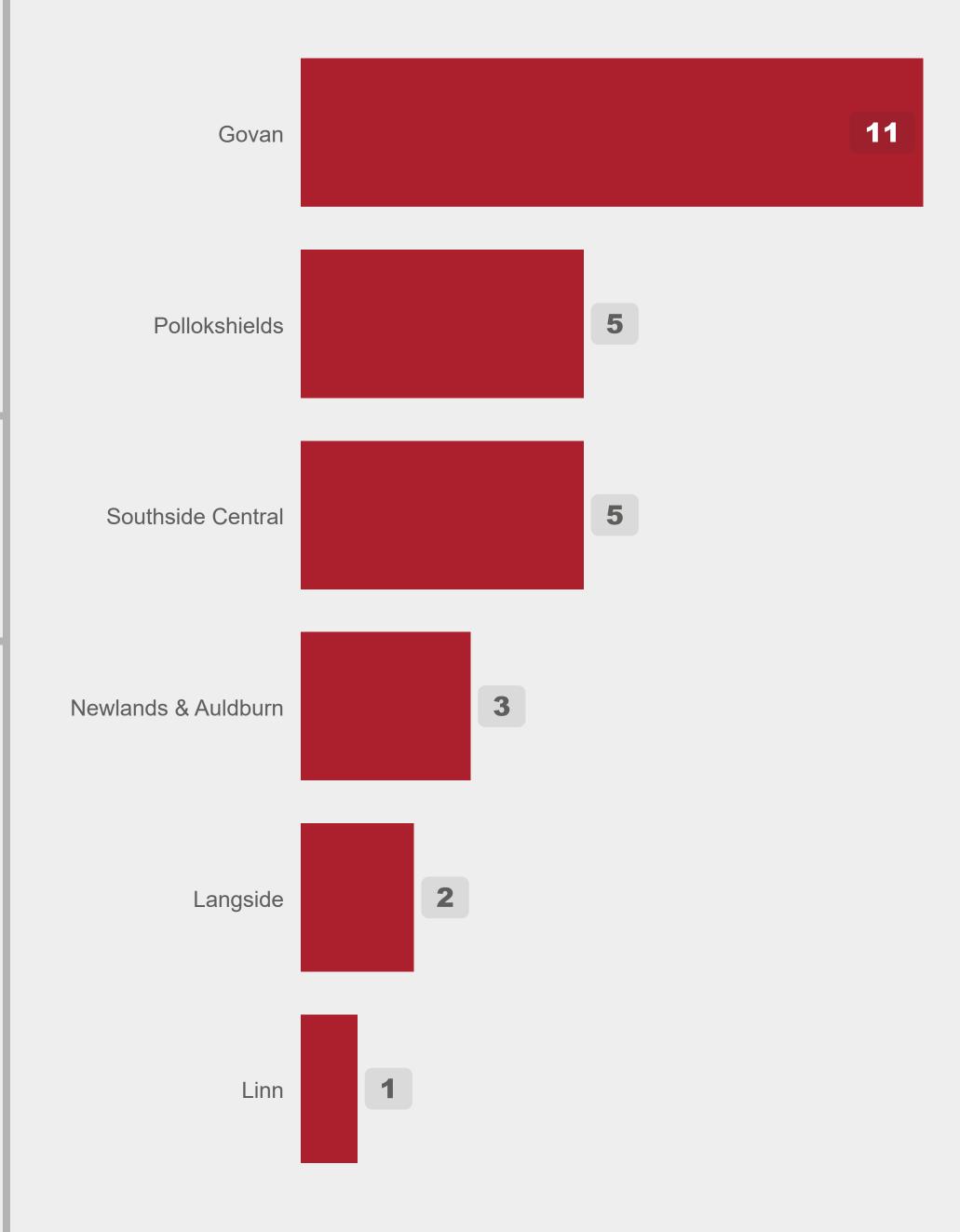
27

Road Traffic Collisions in this period

Property Type	Incidents •
Car	20
Multiple Vehicles	3
Bus/coach	1
Lorry/HGV	1
Other	1
Retail	1

Incident Type	Incidents
Vehicle (Non-fire)	21
Other Non-Fire	3
Inter-Agency	2
Fire (Vehicle)	1

Incidents by Ward



9
Non-Fatal
Casualties

Fatal
Casualties

People
Rescued by
Firefighters

Extent of Harm (Non-Fatal)



3

First Aid Given at Scene



5

Hospital Slight Injuries



1

Hospital Serious Injuries

Update as of 2024-25 Q4:

Statistics for Home Fire Safety Visits are not available due to a system change. The Business Intelligence Team is actively working in collaboration with Digital and Technology Services and the Community Safety Team to ensure suitable quality for future reporting. We apologise for any inconvenience this may cause.

11. Fire Safety Enforcement

Update as of 2024-25 Q4:

Enforcement data is currently not available due to data quality issues. The Business Intelligence Team is actively working to ensure suitable quality for future reporting. We apologise for any inconvenience this may cause.

12. Community Safety & Engagement

2025-26 Q1

Type Narrative here	

13. Glossary of Terms

Term - What it means

ADF

Accidental Dwelling Fire.

HFSV

Home Fire Safety Visit.

PDIR

Post Domestic Incident Response, a term used to indicate actions taken following attendance at a fire or other incident in the home. PDIRs include amongst things the offer of a free follow up home fire safety visit.

RTC

Road Traffic Collision.

Special Service

Calls to incidents which are not fires or false alarms such as RTCs, rescues, flooding, incidents involving hazardous materials or the provision of assistance to other agencies.

UFAS

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals. When an automatic fire detection and alarm system is activated as a result of anything other than an actual fire the activation is classed as a false alarm. If an attendance is made to such an event by the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, then the event is recorded as an UFAS incident.

UFAS Policy Change

In response to COVID, on the 6th May 2020, the SFRS decided to send 1 pump to UFAS premises that did not have their own Predetermined attendance (PDA).

As of 1st July 2023, the COVID interim 1 pump response was ended and a new UFAS policy was implemented.

The new policy is to call challenge all UFAS incidents with the intention of non-attendance. Hospitals, care homes, and sleeping risk premises are all exempt and receive either 2 pumps or their premise specific PDA.





Design, figures and charts by the Business Intelligence team.