

## Berlin Urban Nature Pact Proposed Actions

Theme	Targets
Education and Nature	1.1. We will actively promote collaboration with schools, universities, and other educational institutions (e.g., museums, botanical or zoological gardens, NGOs) to develop and implement a public biodiversity programme for education and capacity building
	1.2 We will facilitate in-depth nature experiences for all children. For this, we commit to provide pedagogically supported, free, and fully accessible in-depth-experiences in nature at least 1 day a year, for every child up to the age of 15.
	1.3 We strive for on-site educational presence in forests, parks, and other biodiverse public green and blue spaces by rangers or supervisors that provide nature-based environmental education.
Species and habitats	2.1 We will improve the conservation status of endangered species. We will protect, restore, and sustainably manage habitats within our jurisdiction so that at least 30% of the species and habitats with a bad ecological condition will reach a good ecological condition or at least show a positive and improving trend. We will ensure that the condition of these habitats do not deteriorate.
	2.2 We will increase the share of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures (OECMs) to 30%.
	2.3 We will incorporate measures for habitat connectivity as a key element in our land-planning processes to increase species and habitat structure richness and resilience.

Co-habitation	3.1 We will support the healthy co-existence of humans and nature in urban development. When new buildings and infrastructure are built for people, they should also consider including biodiversity-friendly design elements that encourage use by native fauna
	3.2 We will develop and adopt regulations for public buildings to include the protection of species breeding at buildings (imitation of ecological niches for birds, insects, bats, etc.) and protection against bird strikes on glass surfaces.
	3.3 We will develop building standards for biodiverse green roofs and/or green facades and implement it on at least 50% of all new private and public developments.
Green Infrastructure and ecosystems	4.1 We will strive for one tree for every six residents in public spaces (including streets).
	4.2 We will achieve 10% or more in tree canopy cover, striving to deploy a district-by-district approach to find the best solution for each respective area
	4.3 Regarding tree, shrub and other plant species selection, we will consider climate resilience and species diversity with a preference for native species whenever feasible. The same applies to further green habitats (such as shrublands, grasslands, steppe, etc.) and their respective land-covering vegetation
	4.4 We will achieve that every citizen is able to reach a public accessible green space within 500 metres (walkable distance) of their home.
Blue infrastructure and water management	5.1 We will implement restoration and rehabilitation action for at least 25% of our municipal area of all degraded freshwater, coastal/marine ecosystems, and wetlands/peatlands areas within our jurisdiction.
	5.2 Sponge City rainwater management combined with measures promoting biodiversity as a nature-based solution will be our

	standard urban planning paradigm for new development projects and urban regeneration.
Soil health	6.1 We will set and implement ambitious targets on the remediation of contaminated soils connected to groundwater within our jurisdictions
	6.2 We aim to halt soil sealing and achieve no net loss of urban green biodiverse spaces.
Food and agriculture	7.4 We will maintain and aim to increase the net area of allotments and community gardens and establish programmes to foster biodiverse management thereof